time excelleth theirs in degrees of grace; and I think the greater care that Christians have of their hearts, and of inward rectitude, and communion with God, and their fuller apprehensions of the life to come, and so of their greatest bopes and dangers, is one great cause. But yet there are worse concurring causes. The Love of God, and his readiness to shew mercy, should not be more questioned now, when it is so abundantly revealed by Christ, then it was in times of darker revelation. The servantsof God did formerly conceive, that nothing but fin could make man miserable; and therefore when they had sinned, they repented; and instead of continuing doubts and fears, they bent their resolutions against their fins; and having east away their gross and Wilful fins, and continuing the conflict against their unavoidable infirmities, which they hated, they knew that the door of mercy was still open to them; and that if any man sin, we have an advocate with the Father, who is the propitiation. The time that is now spent in doubting and complaining, and asking How shall I know that I fincerely repent, was then spent in Repenting, and reforming, and using the means that God hath appointed for the conquering of sin; and then trusting to his grace and Covenant in the blood of Christ for pardon. And it would be better with us if we did thus. Judge now by all these Scriptures, and by the course of former Saints, how God would have you behave your selves. Do you not read an hundred times of their joy, and thanks, and praising God, and calling upon others to praise him, for once that they perplexedly question their fincerity?

But perhaps you'le say, that your strength is so weak, and your sins and enemies so strong, and all your duty so imperfect and unworthy, that having such continual cause of trouble, you cannot

choose but walk in heaviness, and in fears.

I answer you, I. But why do you not tell what you have, as well as what you want? Have you not greater cause to say [My sins being mortisted at the root, and all forgiven, and my soul renewed, and reconciled unto God, and I being made an heir of Heaven, how can I choose but live in joy?]

2. Are you heartily milling to forsake your sins, and over-come the things of which you so complain? or are you not? If you are not, why do you complain of them? and why will you not consent to let them go? and use Gods means to over-

come them? If you are willing, then they are but your pardoned infirmities; For thats the difference between infirmities and reigning sins: [Whatsoever fin consisteth with a greater Habitual willingne(s to avoid that and all other sin, then to keep them, is but an Infirmity for it stands with present saving grace, and is always Habitually or virtually repented of, and actually, when grace, by knowledge and confideration, hath opportunity and advantage to produce the act.

3. And when once you are truly ingraffed into Christ, be is your worthiness, and your righteousness, and the treasury of your fouls; and what you want in your own poffession, you have in his hands; and as what you have is but his gift, so what you mant he is able and ready to supply. Look not too much to your felves, as if your fafety and happiness were principally in

your own hand. Godhath given us eternal life. and this life is in his fom. He that bath the son hath life, 1 Joh. 5. 10, 11. It is through him that we can do all things, so far as he strenghteneth us: and without him we can do nothino. Make

I. C. Scaliger Epidorp, I. 7. p. 296. Hoc qued Valee; Non queo quod debee : Quid tu? Mensura mea, es, in Domine, immensa potestas: Non ego tua: Quoda; babeo, tu mibi dedisti: Quoda do, non do, sed accipis; hoc enim dedisti. Tu solus tibi satis es : tu mibi, tibiq; Nec te laudo, ubi laudo : sed ipse te ipse laudas Me perficiens, non tua, sic laudibus ornans: Dueis me ad tetrahis: hand ego tetraho super me: Me præveniens bic ades : ut mibi supersis.

use of him therefore as the Lord of life, and joyfully acknowledge all that you receive, and stand not dejectedly lamenting that you need him. If you would have the waters of life, goe to the fountain, and do not fit down and fruitlesly vex your selves with complaining of your mants, instead of seeking for supplyes. Is there not an all sufficient Physicion of souls at hand? Doth he not freely offer you his help? what though you are not fuddenly. cured? wounds may be caused in an hour, but they use not to be cured in an houre. Stay his time, and use his remedies, and cheerfully trust him, and you shall find the cure successfully ; go on, though it will not be finished till death.

5. Consider also, that it must needs be the best and most de sirable life, which is like ft to our life in Heaven. And therefore as Heaven is a state of foy, so foy is the highest and best condition on earth. He is the best and happyest man, that is likest to the glorified Saints and Angels; And judge your selves whether a dejected; or a rejogcing Christian be liker to these inhabitants of Heaven?

Object. But (you will say) by that rule we should not mourn at all; (for they do not;) Whereas God delighteth in the contrite

Soul, and Christ ble feth mourners and weepers.

Answ. 1. Your resemblance of the Saints in Heaven, must be proportionable in all the parts. You must labour first to be as like them as you can in Holiness, and then in Joy. If you could be as far from sin as they, you need not mourn at all. But because you cannot, you must have moderate, regular forrows and humiliation, while you have sin. But yet withall you must endeavour to imitate the heavenly Joyes, according to the measure of your Grace received.

2. And it is such a regular contrition, confisting in humble thoughts of our selves, and tending to restore us from our falls and sorrows, unto our integrity and joy, which God delighted in: And it is such mourners as these, and such as suffer for rightcousness sake from men, that Christ pronounceth blessed. But the inordinate troubles of the soul, that exclude a holy delight in God, though he pardon, yet he never doth en-

courage.

6. Consider also, that a great part of your Religion, yea and the most high and excellent part, doth consist in the causes, form and effects of this holy joy and chearfulness. I. As to the eauses of it, they are such as in themselves are requisite to the very being of the new creature. Faith and Love, which are the Head and Heart of sanctifying grace, are the causes of our spiritual joy. An unwilling, heavy, forced obedience, may proceed from meer Fears, and this will not prove an upright heart. But when once we Believe Everlasting Glory, and Love Christ as our Saviour, and the Father as our Father and felicity, and Love a holy frame of beart and life, as the image of God and that which pleafeth him, then our obedience will be chearful and delightful, unless accidentally we trouble our selves by our own mistakes. If you can truly make God and his will and service your Delight, you may be fare you Love him, and are beloved by him, as being past the state of flavish fear.

2. And I have shewed you that Joy in the Holy-Ghost is it self one part of that grace in which Gods Kingdom doth confest. Though not such a part as a Christian cannot possibly be with-

out, yet such as is exceeding suitable to his state, and necessary to

his more happy being.

- 3. And without this holy Delight and Joy, you will deny God a principal part of his fervice. How can you be thankful for the great mercies of your Justification, Sanctification, Adoption, and all the special graces you have received, or for your hopes of Heaven it felf, as long as you are still doubting whether any of these mercies are yours or not, and almost ready to say that you never received them? Nay you will be less thankful for your health, and life, and food, and wealth, and all common mercies, as doubting left they will prove but aggravations of your fin and mifery. And for the great and excellent work of Praise which should be your daily facrifice, but specially the work of each Lords day, how unfit is a doubting, drooping, distressed soul for the performance of it? You stiffle holy Love within you, and stop your mouthes when they should be speaking and singing the praises of the Lord, and disable your selves from the most high, and sweet, and acceptable part of all Gods service, by your unwarrantable doubts and felf-vexations. And when all thefe are laid aside, how poor and lean a service is it, that is lest you to perform to him? Even a few tears, and complaints, and prayers? which I know God will mercifully accept, because even in your defires after him there is Love; but yet it is far short of the fervice which you might perform. Nay your Heavenly-mindedness will be much supprest, as long as you are fadly questioning whether ever you shall come thither, and it will be yours or not.
- 7. Are you not ashamed to see the servants of the Devil and the world so jocund, and your selves so sad that serve the Lord? Will you go mourning so inordinately to Heaven, when others go so merrily to Hell? Will you credit Satan and Sin so much, as to perswade men by your practice, that sin affordeth more pleasure and content then Holiness?
- 8. You could live merrily your selves before your Cenversion, while you served sin: And will you malk so dejectedly now you have repented of it? As if you had changed for the morse, or would make men think so? I know you would not for all the world be what you were before your change. Why then do you live as if you were more miserable then before?

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9. You would be leth so long to resist the functifying work of the Spirit: And why should you not be loth to resist its comforting work? It is the same Holy Ghost that you resist in both: Nay you dare not so open your mouthes for wickedness, and plead against Santhistication it self, as you open them on the behalf of your sinful doubtings, and plead for your immoderate dejections. If

you should, how vile would you appear?

10. Lastly consider, that God will lay sufferings enow upon you for your sins, and suffer wicked men to lay enow on you for well-doing, and you need not lay more upon your felves. You have need to use all means for strength to bear the burdens that you must undergo : and it is the joy of the Lord, and the hopes of Glory that are your frength. And will you cast away the only supports of your foul, and fink when the day of fuffering comes? How will you bear poverty, or reproach, or injuries? how will you meet approaching death, if you feed your doubts of your falvation and of the Love of God in Christ, which must corroborate you? O weaken not your fouls that are too weak already: Weaken not your fouls that have so much to do and suffer : and that of so great necessity and importance. While you complain of your weakness, encrease it not by unbelieving uncomfortable complaints. Gratifie not the Devil and wicked malicious men fo far, as to inflict on your selves a greater calamity then all their malice and power could in fict. It is a madness in them that will please the Devil, to the displeasing of God, though the pleasing of their own flest be it that moveth them to it. But for a man to please the Devil, and displease God, even when he displeaseth his own flesh by it also, and bringeth nothing but forrow to himself by it, this is in some respects more unreasonable then madness it self. Many cast away their souls for Riches, and Honours, and carnal accommodations; but who would do it for powerty, fickness, or difgrace? So though many undo their fouls for fleshly pleasures and delights; yet he is a strange man indeed that will offend God even for self-tormenting grief and trouble. O therefore dear Chriflians, as you have let go all your fenfual pleasures for the pleasing of your Lord, do not let go the pleasures of his love, for which you have let go all. The Lord taketh pleasure in his people, even in them that fear him, in those that hope in his mercy, and the meck he will beautisse mith salv tion, Psalm 147. 11. It is meet therefore

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that his people take pleasure in the Lord: that the Saints be joyful in glory; that they sing aloud upon their beds, and that the high

praises of God be in their mouthes, Psalm 149. 4,5,6.

O let not the Spirit of God be thought to be like the evil Shirit that vexed Saul, that filled his mind with melancholy anguists and confusion : It is the evil spirit that renteth and tormenteth those that it possesseth; though the spirit of God doth humble. and by ordinate forrow prepare for joy : But its proper work is to fantlife, and to comfort, and to establish the Believer with Peace that paffeth under standing. As it is a greater sign of the operation of the Spirit of Christ, to restore the lapsed by a spirit of meekness, and to bear one anothers burdens, and exercise tenderness. compassion and charity, then to censure and envy, and call for fire from heaven : So even at home (though there we are allowed to be more rigid and cenforious) it is a more fure and fatisfactory discovery of the Spirit of Grace within us, if we are raised to a sweet delight in God, and quieted in his Love, and carryed out in chearful obedience, thankfully acknowledging the grace that we have received, and waiting in the use of means for more, then if we are only turmoiled and troubled in our minds, and toffed up and down with unprofitable griefs and fears, that abate our Love to God, and our holy joyes. It is the fill voice that doth most fully acquaint us that it is Christ the Prince of Peace that speaketh to us : Though at first when he findeth a sinner in a state of enmity and rebellion, he often useth to thunder and lighten, and call to him as to Saul, [Why persecutest thou me?] Wilt thou kick against the pricks? Wilt thou fight against heaven? Or canst thou bear the wrath of God Almighty? Yet to the humbled penitent foul, there is none in all the world so tender as Jesus Christ, the Lamb of God, the Churches husband, that cherisheth them as his own flesh. O that you did but know the greatness and tenderness of his love to you, while you lie trembling under the unjust apprehensions of his wrath ! It would then fo transport you with ravishing delights, that the world would see that the Saints of the most High have higher Pleasures then the world afforddelights and pleasures that you draw near to . dis indeed that fre it felf cannor warm : andu deca bourn

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But I know you will say, [Alas, what need you exhort us to spiritual pleasures and consolations? Do you think there is any man in love with sorrows? or unwilling to live a joyful life? O that you could tell us how we might attainit; and you should quickly see that we are willing.

Answ. And if you are so willing to attain it, as to be also willing to use the means, you shall quicklyer see that I shall certainly inform you how you may attain it; and how you may come to find a life of Holiness to be the most sweet and pleasant life. I therefore desire and require you to practise these Directions following.

Direct. 1. Make it your first and principal business to attain the fullest fixed knowledge of God in his Attributes, and Covenant-Relations to you.

I. Study him in his Attributes. If infinite Goodness take not up the foul with Love and with Delight, it is because it is not known. Where there wall things that the foul of man defires to its highell felicity and content, and yet contentment and delight is wanting, it must needs be ignorance and distance that is the cause. If the Sun feem not light to you, it is because you have not eye-fight, or look not on the light. If you find no pleasure in the most plea-Sant food, it is because your appetites are diseased, or you do not tafte it. If your most suitable and most affectionate friend seem not amiable to you, it is because you know not his suitableness and love. So if the eternal God, that is infinitely powerful, wife and good, most perfect and most suitable to your highest affections, do not possess you with abundant Pleasures and Delights of Love, it is because you are unacquainted with him. Study then his infi-Dite perfections: and be much with him in secret prayer and meditation, where the retired foul having fewest avocations, is fittest for the most near familiar converse. And still remember that it is Love it felf that you have to do with. For God is Love. It is the fountain of all delights and pleasures that you draw near to. It is a cold heart indeed that fire it felf cannot warm : and a dead heart indeed that life it self cannot revive : Conceive of God as God, andyou will delight in him : Abhorr all unworthy diminutive

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thoughts of him: Set up his Love and Goodness in your estimation, as infinitely above all the creatures. Believe it, the Love of your dearest friends, is an inconsiderable drop to the Ocean of his Love. Think not of him as cruel, or an enemy, if you would love him, or delight in him. Love and Delight are never forced by bare commands and threatnings, but drawn forth magnetically by attractive Goodness. Were not God most amiable, and friendly, and defireable to us, it is not faying, [Love me, or I will damn thee, I that would ever have caused man to love him; but rather to fear, and hate, and fly from him. Think but of Gods Love, and Goodness, and Fidelity, as you do of his Power, and then you will find that there are rivers of pleasure in his presence, and fulness of joy at his right hand, the fore-tastes whereof are the only delights that can quiet the troubled thirfly foul.

2. And if you say, What is all this to me, any more then to the ungodly world, on whom the wrath of God abideth? I answer, Thou art in Covenant with him, and he is think in the Covenant Relations, even thy Recenciled Father, thy Saviour and thy San-Hifter. No husband is so inviolably bound to a wife, nor will so faithfully answer his Relation, as the bleffed Creator, Redeemer and Sanctifier unto thee. Didst thou well know and consider, what it is to have God himself to be thine in Covenant, to all thefe uses, and to all the ends that thou canst reasonably defire,

it would fill up thy foul with fatisfying delights.

There is nothing that thou wantest, but what belongs to God to give thee, in one of these three great relations. And sooner shall the day be turned into night, and the frame of nature be dissolved, then God will violate his Covenant of Grace. fer. 33. 20, 21. [Thus saith the Lord, If you can break my Covenant of the day, and my Covenant of the night, and that there should not be day and night in their feafon: then may also my Covenant be broken, &c.] Ila. 54.4, 5, &c. [Fear not ; for thou shalt not be ashamed, &c. For thy Maker is thy Husband: (the Lord of Hofts is his name) and thy Redeemer, the Holy one of Israel, the God of the pshole earth shall be be called: For the Lord bath called thee as a woman for saken and prieved in spirit, and a wife of youth, when when thou wast refused, saiththy God: For a small moment have I for saken thee, but with great mercies will I gather thee : In a little mrath I hid my face from thee for a moment; but with everlaftings Aaa 35

lasting kindness will I have mercy on thee, saith the Lord thy Redeemer. For this is as the maters of Noah unto me: For as I have Sworn that the waters of Noah should no more go over the earth: So have I (morn that I would not be wroth with thee nor rebuke thee: For the mountains shall depart, and the bills be removed; but my kindness shall not depart from thee, neither shall the Covenant of my peace be removed, saith the Lord that hath mercy on thee.] And though yet we have our troublesom imperfections, it belongeth to our God, through the blood of the everlasting Covenant, to make sus perfect in every good work, to do his will, working in ms that which is well-pleasing in his sight through Jesus Christ, that to him may be the glory for ever, Heb. 13. 20, 21. It is his mork [to comfort all that mourn; to appoint to them that mourn in Zion, and to give them beauty for ashes, the cyl of joy for mourning, the garment of praile, for the spirit of beaviness, that they might be called trees of righteonsness, the planting of the Lord, that he might be glorified They shall be named The Priests of the Lord; men shall call them The ministers of our God - Everlasting joy shall be unto them - For the Lord will direct their work in truth, and make an everlasting Covenant with them — All that see them shall acknowledge them, that they are the seed whom the Lord hath bleffed: Therefore should we greatly rejoyce in the Lord; and our souls should be joyful in our God: For he hath. cloathed us with the garments of salvation; he hath covered us with the robes of righteourness, as a Bridegroom decketh himself with ornaments, and as a Bride adorneth her self with her Jewels.] Isa. 61. [A new heart also will I give you, and a new spirit will I put into you, and I will take away the stony beart out of your flesh, and I will give you an heart of flesh: and I will put my spirit within you, and cause you to walk in my statutes, and ye shall keep my judgements and do them and I will save you from all your uncleanness, &c.] Ezek. 36. 25, 26, 27, 29. [And they shall be my people, and I will be their God: And I will give them one heart and one way, that they may fear me for ever, for the good of them; and of their children after them; and I will make an everlasting Covenant with them, that I will not turn away from them to do them good; but I will put my fear in their hearts, that they shall not depart from me: Yea I will rejoyce over them to do them good, &c. Jer. 32. 38, 39, 40, 41. [Happy are the people that

that are in such a case: yea happy is that people whose God is the

Lord, Pfal. 144. 15.

Nature doth not give you such security that the Sun shall shine, and that the streams shall run, that the earth shall be fruitful, as the covenant of the Lord doth give you of all that is necessary to you Happiness. Study therefore the mercies and riches of the Covenant.

Dir. 2. Understand and remember that it is your Covenant-consent, that it is the condition of your title to all the following blessings

of the Covenant.

I add this as supposing you will say [What are all these benesits to me, unless I were sure that I were indeed in the Covenant?] It is not your merit, but your consent that is required: God offereth himself to be your Reconciled Father, and Christ to be your saviour, and the Hoty Spirit to be your sanctifier. Do you consent to this, or not? All the question is whether you are willing? and whether your sin be not so sweet to you, that you will rather venture your souls on the wrath of God, then you will be saved from it. If you beartily consent, assuredly you are in the Covenant, and the benefits are yours; and therefore the Joy and comfort should be yours. If you do not consent; instead of despairing, presently consent; and resuse not your happiness while

you lament your misery.

Object. But it is not only Covenant-making, but Covenantkeeping that must save us: and I have broak my Covenant, and therefore have no title to the benefits. Answ. What Covenant have you broken? This Covenant in queltion that engageth you to God, the Father, Son, and Holy Ghoft? If you have broken this, you have withdrawn your Confent : For while you heartily confent, you breakit not in any effential part. As it is not every breach of the Laws, that makes a man a traytor or rebel, nor every fault or falling out between husband and wife that diffolveth their relation; fo is it not every fin, nor any that is consistent with true consent to the terms of the Covenant, that is a Covenant breaking forfeiture of the benefits. If you would not have God to be your Portion, your Father, your Saviour, and your Santifier, you are then Covenant-breakers; And if you be fo, Confent yet, and return to your fideli y, and the comforts of the Co. venant may yet be yours, for all your former viola-Dir. 3. tion.

Dir. 3. Moreover, if you would find the Pleasure of a Holy life, see that the flesh befool you not into an over high estimation of any worldly thing: that so your appetites may not be corrupted with such contrary unwholsome Pleasures, nor your hearts be overwhelmed with worldly cares, or griefs or troubles. If you will glut your felves with other kind of pleasures, you cannot expect that Holiness should be your pleasure. You cannot find your delight in God, when you turn from him to feek it in the creature. If you fought for less in friends, and health, and prosperity in the world, you might have more in God. How should you find content in God, when you fet so light by him, that the promise of beholding him in endless glory, will not please you, unless you may also have your fleshly de fires, or felfish inclinations pleased here? This is it that perverteth your judgements and affections, and causeth you to injure God and your selves. You first fancie that it is an excellent thing to be Rich and Renowned and to rule over others, or to have plenty of all accommodations for your flesh : and then because God satisfieth not these carnal fancies, you think he neglecteth you, or deals hardly with you! As if every person in the Town should murmur because they are not Buyliffs or Justices; when if they had the wit to know it, they are but kept from a double encumberance, and from a burden which perhaps would break their backs. When the people are thus befooled by the flesh into brutish conceits of the nature of felicity, and into an over-valuing of thele worldly things, they are then always eitheir tickled by deluding pleasures, or troubled for the crossing of their carnal wills, so that they grow out of relish and liking with the true and durable delights. Take heed therefore of this carnality.

Dir. 4. Study the greatness of the mercy which you have received: You abound with mercies; and yet undervalue them, and over look them, and sweeten not your souls with the serious observation and remembrance of them : you study principally your afflictions and your wants: And thus when you live in a land that floweth with milke and honey, you will not feed on the prepared feast, but keep still the gall and wormwood in your mouths; and how then should you be acquainted with the pleasures of a

holy life.

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Yea you must use to look more to the spiritual part of all your mercies mercies; and see the love of God that appeareth in them; and taste the blood of Christ in them; and lose not the kernel: and take not up with the common carnal part, which every wicked man can value and enjoy. Consider in all your mercies, what there is in them for the benefit of your fonls, much rather then how they accommodate your fest. Could you do thus, you would find the benefit of afflictions; and that the denyal of what you have accounted your necessary mercies, is not the smallest of your mercies. And thus judging truly by the spirit, and not by the sless, there is no condition (except that of sin) in which you might not find cause of joy.

Dir. 5. Take heed of sinning: Keep still upon your watch against temptation; sin is the cause of all your sufferings; when it promiseth you delight, it is preparing for your sorrow; when it statereth you into presumption, it is preparing for despair; when it promiseth you secresse and security, it prepareth for your shame: and be sure your sin will sind you out, Numb. 32.23. If therefore you have offended, delay not your Repentance; and spare not the stesh in your return; but (unless the honour of God forbid it) take shame to your selves by free consession, and make the sullest reparation of the injury that you can to God and man. If you would thus get out the thorn that

vexeth you, the ways of God would be more pleasant.

Dir. 6. Daily live in the exercise of faith, upon the everlasting pleasures: Dwell as at the gates of Heaven; as men that are waiting every hour when they are called in, and when death will draw aside the vaile, and shew them the blessed face of God. And take heed that the enmity of interposing Death, prevail not against the Joys of faith. But look to Christ that hath conquered it, and will conquer it for you; And if thus you could live as strangers here, and as the Citizens of Heaven, that are ready to step into the immortal pleasures, you would then tafte the Pleasures of a holy life, in the first fruits and foretasts thereof. It is your Treasure that must Delight you; As your Heart must be there, so your pleasure must be derived thence. Strangers to Heaven will be strangers to the Believers Joys; As the pleafure of the Carnal world, confisteth in the sense of what they have in hand; fo the pleasure of Believers consisteth in the foreapprehensions of what they shall enjoy with God for ever. If therefore

therefore you exercise not those apprehensions; if you look not frequently, seriously, and believingly into the world that you must live in for ever, how can the comforts of that world illustrate and refresh you in this present world? The Light and Heat, which is the Beauty and Life of this lower world, proceedeth not from any thing in this world, but from the Sun which is so far above us, and sends down hither its quickning influence and rays. They are not the genuine comforts of Christianity,

which are not fetcht from the world above.

Dir. 7. If you would have the experience of the Pleasures of a life of Faith and Holinels, neither desire nor cherish any fears or forrows, but such as as are subservient to Faith, and Hope, and Love, and preparatory to Thank fulness and foy. Think not Religion confifteth in any other kind of forrows. Nay if any other should assault you, be so far from taking them for your duty or religion, as to refist them, and lament them as your sin. That is true and faving Humiliation, 1. which makes you vile in your own eyes, and loath your selves for sin. 2. And maketh you more desirous to be delivered and cleansed from your sin, than to live in it, how sweet or gainful soever it may seem, and 3. Which maketh you fer more by a Saviour to deliver you, than by all the pleasures, riches, and honours of the world. What ever want of Grief or tears you find, if you have thefe signs, your Repentance and humiliation is sincere. Do not therefore refuse your Pease because you have not greater forrows; nor disturb your souls by strugling for excessive forrow : Take not part with them, but do your best to cast them out, if they are fuch as would destroy your Love and Joy, and drive you from Christ, and hinder your Thansgivings. Know that the Life of your Religion confisteth in the Holy Love of God and of his Image and fervants and holy ways. Love is your duty and your felicity and reward : Therefore let all tend to the exercise of Love, and value most those means which most promote it; and think your selves best when you abound most in Love; and not when you are overwhelmed with those Fears and Griefs which hinder Love. Study therefore above all, the Love of God revealed in Christ, which is the best attractive of your Love to him: and hate all suggestions which would represent God unlovely and undesirable to you.

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Dir. 8. Use cheerful company: Not carnal, but holy; not such as waste their time in unprositable frothy speeches, or filthy, or prophane or scornful jeastings: But such as have most of the sense of Love and mercy on their hearts; and are best acquainted with a Life of Faith, and whose speeches and cheerful conversations, do most lively manifest their sense of the Love of God, and of the Grace of Christ, and the eternal happiness of the Saints. There is a delightful and encouraging virtue in the converse of joysul, thankful, heavenly believers: Use it therefore if you can have it.

Dir. 9. In your addresses to God in holy worship, be sure that Praise and Thansgiving have its due proportion. They are the chief and most excellent and acceptable part, and therefore let them not have the smallest room. Though your sins and wants be as great as you imagine in your complaints, it is yet your duty to Praise the Excellencies and Attributes and works of your Creator, and to be Thankful for the preparations made by Christ, and freely offered you, so that they shall certainly be yours, if you accept them. But much more Thankful should you be that have but the evidence of Descreand Consent to prove your Inte-

rest in Christ and in his Covenant.

I would intreat poor troubled fearful fouls to Resolve upon this one thing, which is reasonable, necessary and in their power, that when they are upon their knees with God, they will spend as much of their Time and words in confessing mercies and Praising God, as in confessing sin, and condemning themselves and lamenting their wants, and weaknesses, and distress. Though they cannot do it cheerfully as they should, let them do it as they can. And at last while they keep in the right way of duty, and use themselves to the commemoration of that which is sweet and grateful to the soul, Religion it self will become sweet and grateful; and chearfulness of heart will be promoted by our own considerations & expressions.

The same I desire of them as to their Thoughts; that they will do their best to spend as many thoughts and as much time upon Mercy as upon sin and misery; and upon the Goodness, and Love

of God in Christ, as upon his threatnings and terrous,

Dir. 10. If you would taste the comforts of a holy life, be sure that you give up your selves to Christ without reserve, and follow him fully, and place all your hopes and confidence in his Bbb 2 promised

promised rewards: Serve him with your best, yea with your all; and not with some cheap and heartless service. Comforts are the Rewards of faithfulness: They that do God the most sincere and costly service, and save nothing from him which he calleth them to lose, are likest to be encouraged by his sweetest comforts. It is sluggish neglects, and unfruitfulness, doing no good in the world, but thinking to be saved by a dull profession, that makes so many uncomfortable professors as there be: Though I know that on the other extream, too many live in pining sadness, by not understanding the Covenant of Grace, which accepteth of sincerity, and secureth the weak and infants in the samily of Christ. But yet the barren unprositable Christians (I mean that comparatively are such, though they be sincere) shall find that God will not encourage any in sloathfulness

by his smiles and consolations.

Direct. 11. If you would know the Rest and Comfort of Believers, see that you Rest in the Will of God in all Conditions, as the Center and only bottom for your fouls. His will is not to be reduced to yours: strive therefore to bring yours most fully and quietly to his. Gods Will is the Universal Original and End of all things, and there is no Felicity or Rest for man, but in the fulfilling, and pleasing and disposals of his will. Be not too desirous of the fulfilling of your own wills, and murmure not against the disposals of the Will of God. It cannot but be Good which proceedeth from that will which is the Spring of good. The accomplishment of Gods Will, is the perfection of all created beings, being that End for which they are all created. If you Reft in your own wills, your Rest will be imperfect, disturbed and short of duration; For your wills are the wills of weak and vicious men: They are frequently misguided by an ignorant mind, and perverted by a corrupt and byaffed heart : But Gods will is never misguided; nor ever determined of any thing but for the best. If you Rest here, you Rest in safety; you may be sure you shall never be deceived by him : You may Rest in constant peace and quietness; for God is unchangeable, and will not be off and on with us, as we are with him, and with our felves. As you pray that his Will may be done, acquiesce in the doing of his Will; and whatever befall you, repose and satisfie your hearts in this

Dirtet. 12.

Direct. 12. Lastly, let me add, that when you have all the Directions that can be given, you trust not too much to your own understanding and skill for the application of them to your selves, in any meighty difficult cases. But as you will not think it enough for the health of your bodies, to have Phyfick Books and Phyfick Lectures, unless you have also a Phyficion who knoweth more then you, to direct you in the application; fo think it not enough that you have the best Books and Sermons, unless you have also a faithful and judicious Pastor, whose advice you may crave in particular difficulties, and who may direct you in the discovery of your own diseases, and applying the fittest remedies in their feasons and measures, with such Rules and Cautions as are necessary to the success. If God had not known that there would still be many children and weak ones in his family, that would stand in need of the instruction, support and encouragement of the firong, he would never have fettled Pastors in his Church to watch over all the flocks, and to be alwayes ready at hand, for the confirmation and encouragement of such as need their help. There had been no Physicions, if there had been no diseases. Tire not your Physicions with needless consultations, for easie and ordinary cases: but be not without them in your greater straits, and wants, and doubts. And I bleffed be God, even the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Father of Mercies, and the God of all comfort, who comforteth us in all our tribulation, that we may be able to comfort them which are in any trouble, by the comfort wherewith we our selves are comforted of God: For as the fufferings of Christ abound in us, so our consolation also aboundesh by Christ. And whether we be afflicted, it is for your consolation and Calvation, which is effectual in the enduring of the same sufferings. which we also suffer: or whether we be comforted, it is for your consolation and salvation. 2 Cor. 1.4, 5, 6. While you are fick or infants, the stronger must support you. You cannot stand, or go, or fuffer of your felves: And God is so tender of his weak and little ones, that he hath not only given frength to others for their lakes, and commanded the frong to bear the burdens and infirmities of the meak, Gal. 6. 1, 2. Rom. 15. 1, 2, 3; 4. but also established the Ministerial office much for this end. Mal. 2, 7. For the Priests lips should keep knowledge, and they should seek the Lam at his mouth; for he is the Messenger of the Lord of Hosts. NOE.

Not that we should disclose our Consciences, and depend for guidance on every ignorant or ungodly man, that hath the name and place of a Priest; Even among the Papists, men have leave to choose such Confessors as are fittest for them. If the Priests [depart out of the way, and cause many to stumble at the Law, and corrupt the Covenant of Levi, the Lord will make them contemptible and base before all the people, according as they have not kept his wayes, but been partial in the Law.] Mal. 2.8, 9. But use those that are qualified and sent by the Spirit of God; who [in simplicity and godly sincerity, not with fleshly wisdom, but by the Grace of God, have had their conversation in the world, especially to youwards.] 2 Cor. I. I2. Such as [you have acknowledged in part ; that they are your rejeycing, as you offere theirs in the day of the Lord Jesus. vers. 14. Not using them as such as have dominion over your faith, but as those that by office, qualification, and willinguess and disposition are Helpers of your foy. vers. 24.

In the faithful practice of these Directions, you will find that Holiness is the most Pleasant way; and that the Godly choose the better part; and that the ungodly sensualists do live as BRUTES, while they unreasonably resuse to live as

SAINTS.

FINIS.

AND COUNTY

