

2.9.9 (4)



FAITH AND PRACTISE Of Thirty

Congregations,
Gathered according to the

Primitive Pattern.

Published (in love) by consent of two from each Congregation, appointed for that purpose.

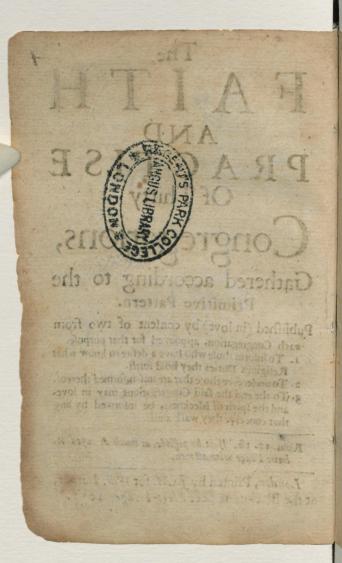
1. To inform those who have a defire to know what Religious Duties they hold forth-

2. To undereive those that are mis-informed thereof.

3. To the end the faid Congregations may in loveand the spirit of Mecknels, be informed by any that conceive they walk amis.

Rom. 12.18. If it be possible, as much as inyou is, have Peace with all men.

London, Printed by J. M. for Will. Larnar, at the Blackmore neer Fleet-bridge, 1651.



To the Keader.

To all the Sain's and Churches of God, who walk according to the commands of Jeius Christ, in England, Wales, Army, or elie-where.



Early Beloved, and Fellow Citizens of the houshold of God, Grace, Mrcy, and Peace be multiplyed unto you from God, through Jesus Christ;

The Lord preserve your minds and hearts by his holy Spirit, with all those gifts of his Free Grace which he hath bestowed upon you, to adorn the destrine of the Gospel in every thing whereunto ye are called, to live

to the glory and praise of his Grace.

Loving Brethren, if we could have conveniently convayed this Copie unto your hands before it went to the Press, doubtless we might have gained your Christian Advice and Assistance herein, which might have been very Beneficial to the Truth, wherein you are with us alike concerned and eneaged; but by reason of the distance of A 2 places

To the Keader.

place, and also being unacquainted, hath hindred our sending; but we hope our forwardness herein will not be any hinderance to you for the future, to manifest your conourrence with us, so far as we own the Truth; for the preserving our Union with God, and our Joy and Peace with each other, but the rather to give you occasion to make use of the Ability and Power God hath betrusted you with, for our Informations in what you judge is wanting, and for our further Confirmation and Encourage ment in those things you approve of with in, have we published this ensuing Treatise; that so we may agree with love in peace and truth, by the Affistance of our bleffed Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. So with our Prayers, me subscribe our selves e entre ye are called so live

Tour Servants in the Lord.

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The Names of the Subscribers, with the places of their Meetings.

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EZEK. 43. 11.

And if they be shamed of all that they have done, shew them the form of the honse, and the fashion thereof, and the goings out thereof, and the comings in thereof, and all the forms thereof, and all the ordinances thereof, and all the laws thereof; and write it in their sight, that they may keep the whole form thereof, and all the ordinances thereof, and do them.

MATTH. 5.16.

Let your light so shine before men, &c.

HEBR. 3.6.

But Christ as a Son, over his own &c.

Hat that God whom we acknow-ledge, ought to be worshipped by all, and above all that are called Gods, and he is Infinite in power and wisdom, universal, invisible, eternal. Ps. 96. 3.4. Ier. 23.24. Col. 1.17. Rem. 1.20.

That

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2. That God created all creatures visible and invisible, by his own wisdome and power, Col. 1. 10. For by him were Il things created that are in heaven, and that en in earth visible and invisible or. 10. 12. He lath made the earth by his power, he hash effeblished the world by his wisdome, and bach stretched out the beariers by low differences well and sound

3. That God preserved III creatures which are in being Wellmish. 9. 6. Thou, even thou are Lord slone, than half made heaven the heaven of heavens with all their hofts, the earth and all the things that are therein, the Seas, and all that is therein, and thou preserveth them all &c.

Rom. 11.36. . HTTAM

4. That the creation doth plainly deelare the Power and Righteouineis of God; Rom. 1. 20. For the invilible things of him from the creation of the world, are clearly seen, being understood by the chings that are made, even his evernal power and Godhead, &c. Ifa. 40. 26.

5. That God commandeth men to take a view of his Wife Powerful, and Righteaus workes of creation. Isa. 40. 26.

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Lift up your eyes on high, and kehold who

hath created these things; &c.

6. That God by his good creatures called or calleth men to a serious consideration, or meditation, that they may further understand his Wildom and Power. Rom. 1. 20. For the invisible things of him &c.

7. That God doth command men to speak or declare that which they have learned by the teaching of the creatures; Pfal. 145.5. I will speak of the glorious honour of thy Maiestie, and of thy wo drous

works.

8. That the confideration of the Lord's handyworks in creatures is a means to beget thoughts of God and of our felves, sutable to his greatness, and our inferiority; Pfal. 8.3, 4. When I confider thy heavens, the work of thy fingers, &c. What is man, that then art mindful of him? &c.

9. That whatsoever good Mediations, or serious Considerations we have of the glorious works of Creation, ought to break forth with admiration unto thankfulness to God, Pfal. 136. from ver. 3. to ver. 9. Praise the Lord, for the Lord is good, &c.

30. That those which did resule to wor-

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thip or glorifie God answerably to the teaching of the Creation, the Lord gave them over, or forfook them fo far, that they became so desperately wicked, that they did things contrary to nature, Rom. 1. 26, 27. For this cause God gave them up unto vile affections: for even their women did change the natural use, into that which is avainst nature: And likewise also the men, leaving the natural use of the woman, burned in their lust, oc.

ri. God created or made Adam a living foul, and in his own Likeness in Soveraignry or Dominion; Gen. 1.26. And God said, let us make man in our Image, after our Likeness; and let him have dominion over the fish of the Sea, and over the fowl of the Ayr, and over the Cattle, and over all the earth &c. and ver. 27. So God Created man in his own

image, oc.

12. That God gave unto Adam Lawes or commands, that he might know his Will; Gen. 2. 16. 17. And the Lord God commanded the man faying, of every Tree of the Garden thou mayest freely eat: But of the Tree of the knowledge of good

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and evil, thou shalt not eat of it. Go. 13. That God declared unto Adam what penalty or punishment he would cause to befal him, if he disobeyed his Will, Gen. 2. 17. For in the day that thou

eatest thereof, thou shalt surely die.

14. That Adam did fin or disobey the righteous commands of the Lord, Gen. 3.6. And when the woman fam that the Tree was good for food, and that it was pleae also the Sant, &c. She took of the fruit thereof, and e woman, did eat, and gave also unto her husband

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Adon with her, and he did eat. 15. That God told Adam very plainly keneis in what death it should be that he would 1. 26. Thould accend him in the mean while; Gen. let 3.17. And unto Adam he said; Because Selb in thou hast hearkned unto the voice of thy and wife, and hast eaten of the Tree of which I of it, Curfed is the Tree of which I Man forrow shalt thou eat of it all the days of thy of the life, &c. and ver. 19. In the freet of thy of the face shalt thou eat bread, sill thou returne muto the ground: For our shall the ground guest saken; for dust they of the taken; for dust thou art, and to dust &c. 16. That take of the same death or punishment which the Lord in his righteous judgement caused to fall on Adam for his transgression; Rom. 5. 18. Therefore as by the offence of the one, judgement came upon all men to con-

17. That Jesus Christ, through for by heya the grace of God, suffered death for all and mankind, or every man; Heb. 2.9. That mankind, or every man; Heb. 2.9. That one of thousand take death for most he by the grace of God should taste death for the con

every man.

18. That Christ Jesus, the second and Adam, will as certainly raise all mankind and through or by the sire Adam's sin or of through or by the sire Adam's sin or of sence, as surely as they partake of it; Rome such that the surely has they partake of it; Rome such that the surely has they partake of it; Rome such that the surely has the surely had been such that the surely had been 5. 18. Even so by the righteousness of one ab. 5. 18. Even Jo by the righteon and Jest Ph.

fication of life.

19. That Jefus Christ, his Lordly of the Sp.
Kingly preheminence over all markind, it and in the Scripture. vindicated or maintained in the Scripture, account, by vertue of his dying or fuffering for them; Rom. 14. 9. For to this end the Christ both dyed, and rose, and revived and that he might be Lird both of the deal H and living. 2c. The

20. That God's Word, Son, or Spirit,

10 pt are one, 1 lob. 5.7. For there are three

11 that beare witness in heaven, the Father,

12 the Word, and the holy Ghost, and these

13 three are one; God the Father is said to

14 sanctifie; and the Son is said to Sanctifie; So

15 they are one; Jude 1. To them that are

16 Sanctified by God the Father. Heb.

10. 29. Who hath trodden under foor the

10. 29. Who hath trodden under foor the

10. 29. Who hath counted the blood of

10 the covenant wherewith he was Sanctified,

10 an unholy thing; Soc. Rom. 15. 16. Being

16 Sanctified by the boly Ghost.

God and his Word are one; Ioh.

on to 1. 1. And the Word was God. The Word

on quickneth, Pf.al. 119, 5c. Thy word

in whath quickned me. The Son quickeneth,

the Spirit that quickneth Ioh. 6.63. It is

the Spirit that quickneth. So they are one.

God giveth Gits, and the Son doth the

Lord fame, also the holy Ghost, So they are one.

School for the Father of lights, or c. Eph. 4.10,

the that descended is the same also that

ascended

ascended, &c. And he gave some Apostles and some Prophets, &c. Acts. 2. 38 Into And ye shall receive the gift of the holy hall Ghoft. God's Word, and Power, and the 19, holy Gholl go together, doing one and the fame work. 1. Thef. 1. 5. For our Gofpel came not unto you in Word onely, but also in power, and in the holy Ghost. Oc. There cilia is none goes to the Father, without the Son, neither to the Son without the Father, nor fair to either of them both, without the Spirit; God Joh. 6. 44. No man can come to me except the Father which hath fent me draw him. Io. 14.6. No man cometh unto the Father IS DO the but by me. Eph. 1. 18. For through bim feffe we both have an access by one Spirit unto the Father. I Cor. 12. 3. He that receiveth the Son, receiveth the Father, and the Spirit alfo; Math. 10. 40. He that receiveth me, receiveth him that sent me: Gal. 3. 2. Received ye the Spirit by the workes of the Law, or by the hearing of Faith?

21. That the Lord of all mankind, Jesus Christ, hath the power of giving Lawes for the governing or ruling every man in the World in spiritual worship, Isa. 9. 6, 7: For unto us is a Child borr,

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unto us a Son is given and the Government Shall be upon his skoulder, Mach, 28. 18. even the Lord Fefer (2) of

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22. That this Prince of Peace, Jesus Clrift, is the only or principal high . Prieft, which offered up facrifice, or made recorciliation for the Sins of the people, Heb. 2. 17. That he might be a merciful ent faithful high Priest in things pertaining to God, to make reconciliation for the Sins of he Spirit the people.

23. That the high Priest Jefus Christ. is not onely King or Governour, but allo the Apostic or Prophet of the Truth professed, or the true profession of Saints Heb. 3. 1. Confider the Apostle and lib pirit well

Priest of our profession, Christ Fesus 3 11000

24. That all the riches appertaining to a spiritual and eternal life, were treasured up in Jesus Christ. Col. 2.3. In whom are hid all the treasures of wisdom and know-

ledge.

25. That there is not, neither ever was any man endued with any abilities and ng every power to do the revealed will of God, but it was given him from above, Iam. 1.17. Every good gift, and every perfect gift is 26. That from above &c.

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the pleasure of his will, or of his free grace; even the Lord Jesus Christ sprung from thence, from whom commeth all spiritual mercies. Kom. 8. 32. He that spared not his own Son, but delivered him up for us all: how shall he not with him also freely give us all things, Heb. 2. 9.

27. That Iesus Christ was faithfull in all things whereunto he was appointed, Heb. 3. 1, 2. Consider the Apostle and high priest of our profession Christ Iesus, who was faithfull to him that appointed

him, &c.

28. That Iefus Christ was not only the Lawmaker, but the Law giver to every man that liveth in the world, in that he giveth every man therein some measure of light. Io. 1. 9. That was the true light which lighteth every man that cometh into the world.

29. That God of his free love giveth feveral gifts unto men, dividing severally as it pleaseth him, by one and the same spirit; I Cor. 12. 11. But all these worketh that one and the selfe same spirit, dividing to every man severally as he will, Eph. 4.7.

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4. 10. 2 ft e god.

30. That the gifes of God given un to men of his own free grace, though rever for richly they be furnished both with abilities and power, yet those gifts of grace do not demonstrate, or declare them to be faithfull fervants; but it doth very plainly prove, that they are called upon thereby to be faithfull Servants; I Cor. 4. 1. 2. Let a man so account of us, as of the Ministers of Christ, &c. Moreover it is required in Stewards, that a man be found faithful.

31. That those gifes which God of his free grace gives unto men to the enabling or inpowering them to obey or believe in his name, are called the grace of God, as they spring from the spirit of grace; Acts. 18. 17. Who when he was come, helped them much, which had believed through grace.

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32. That when God of his own bountifulnels hath given gifts unto men to be improved by them to the praise of his grace, as to believe or obey, then those so endued are Stewards of the grace of God, 1 Pet. severally a 4. 10. As every man bath received the ame spirit rketh tha gift, even so Minister one unto another, as good Stewards of the manifold grace of dividin Eph 11 God.

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33. That God requireth or commandeth service of men, answerable to those gifts of grace which he of his good pleasure hath bestowed upon them, Colof. 2.6. love in As ye have therefore received Christ Iesus have n she Lord, so walke ye in him. Ioh. 12.37.

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you; &. 34. That it is the gracious pleasure of God, that Iefus Christ his life, death, and refurrection, should be made known unto men, and by men, as arguments, or motives, faithful to allure or provoke them to live holy and Siving? zighteous in this present world; Eph.5. 1. yet thus 2. Be ye therefore followers of God as dear eure fal children, and walke in love, as Christ also any cau bath loved us, and given himself for us, &c. Rom. 6. 4, to ver. 14. mont only Saith.

35. That God requireth that man should worship him in Spirit and truth, or with all the heart, before they ontwardly make a profession of him; Atts. 8.36,37. left a And the Eunuch Said, if thou believest with all thine heart, thou mayest & covoiled or as

36. That all actions performed by man towards God, ought to flow from a principle of Love; 1. Cor. 13. 1, 2, 3. Though I peak with the tongues of men and Angls, and have not Charity, I am become as founding brass, &c. 37. That (13)

37 That God loves man first, and dechreth, or maketh known his love to men, before any man can Act from a principle of love in obedience to him, 10. 15.16. Te have not chosen me, but I have chosen

you; &c.

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leath, an

38. That whosoever obeyeth God with those gifts of his free grace, (as abilities and power to do his will) never so faithfully, Evangelically, or Unfainedly, giving him the glory of those performances; or moriro holy and yet thus believing or obeying doth not proeure salvation as eternal life, neither are they Eph.5. 1 od as dea any cause at all to move God to bestow it; Ezek. 16. from ver. 3. to ver, 10. Thus Saith the Lord unto Ferusalem; thy birth and thy Nativity is of the Land of Canaan, Ge. I said unto thee when thou wast in thy blood , Live; &c. Eph. 2.9. Not of works, outwardly left any man spould boast; Rom. 4.2. 8.36,37 70.15.15. well with

39. That the ground or principal end of mens believing or obeying God, ought to be for the advancing of the glory of God, or for the Praise of his free grace; 1. Cor. 6.19,20, What? know not ye that your bodie is the temple of the koly Ghost

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which ye have of God? And ye are not your own; For ye are bought with a

price: therefore glorifie God; &c.

40. That those which serve or fear the Lord, honouring or glorifying him with his gifts bestowed on them, to the praise of his free grace, do demonstratively or openly manifest themselves to be his faithfull servants, or children, 1. Io. 3.10. In this the Children of God are manifest; &c. Acts.

-41: That those which serve the Lord with integrity of mind and spirit, improving their abillities and power given unto them of God, to his glory and praile, are not only called faithful Servants, or the children of the living God, but they have the promises of God to be intrusted with more of the manifestations of himself, which is called the misterie which hath bin hid from many ages, and generations, which the dilobedient Mall not injoy. Col. 1. 26. 27. Even the missery which hath bin hid from ages, &c. But now is made manifest to his Saints, to whom God would make known what is the glory of this mistery among the Gentiles, which is Christ in you, the hope of glory. 42 That

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42. That those which love the Lord Jesus Christ, so as to walke in his appointed ways with that strength of ability and power which God of his own mercy hath given unto them, they shall have peace of conscience, being freed from anguish of spirit, having their hearts comforted by the holy Ghost; Rom. 2. 10. But glory, honour, and peace to every man that worketh good, &c.

43. That all those that continue sted-fastly unto the end of their lives, pressing forward to the mark (Jesus Christ) that is set before them, shall not only have the comfort and joy which is a part of their portion in this life, but they shall also have a Crown of eternal glory in the life to come; Rev. 22.14. Blessed are they that do his commandments, that they may have right to the tree of life, and may enter in thorow the gates into the City. 2. Tim. 4.8.

afforded or affordeth them time or opportunity to repent or returne unto him; Rom. 4.2. Or destifest thou the riches of his goodness of God leadeth thee to repentance?

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45. That all those who refuse to improve the gifts of grace which God hath afforded them, so that they repent not, neither turne to him in obedience to his commands made manifest unto them, they do despite the goodness of God or his free grace, denying the Lord that bought them, and lo are liable to destruction, 1. Pet.2. 1, 2. But there were false prophets also among the people, even as there shall be false teachers among you, who privily shall bring in damnable herefies, even denying the Lord that bought them, and bring upon themselves swift destruction, &c.

46. That whofoever shall preach, teach, or practife any doctrine in the worship of God, pretending it in the name of Jetus Christ, which is not to be heard or read of in the record of God, which was given by inspiration of the holy Ghost; such teachers are lyable to the curse of God, howfoever, countenanced by men, Gal. 1.8,9. But though we, or an Angel from heaven preach any other Goffel unto you then that which we have preached unto you,

let him be accursed.

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Jesus commanded his disciples to teach, ought to be known by every one, before they lubmit themselves, or obey it; Asts. 2.38.41. Repent and be baptifed every one of you; Ge. Then they that gladly received this word, were baptifed, &c. of to show

48. That the way and manner of baptifing, both before the death of Christ, and fince his refurection and ascension, was to go into the water, and to be baptiled; Math. 3.6. And were baptifed of him in

Fordan, &c. Math, 1.5. and 8.9,

49. That when Baptisme is made known, or any other Action of obedience, then for men to refule it, they are faid to reject the counsel of God agairst themselves; Luk. 7.30. But the Pharifees and Lawyers rejected the counsel of God against themselves, being not baptised of him.

50. That those which received the word of God preached by the Ministrie of the Gospel, and were Baptized according to the Countel of God, at the same time of day they were of the visible Church of God, Acts. 2.41. And the same dry there were added unto the church about three thousand souls. It was to stage and

51. That

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51. That the only foundation of the Church of God, is the Doctrines of the Apostles or Prophets, as they ipring from Jeius Christ the chiefe corner stone, whereon this or any other people are to be built together as the house of God; Eph. 2,20,21. And are built aponthe Foundation of the Apostles and Prophets, Christ Jesus himself being the

chief corner stone, &c.

gr. Thes

52. That the chief or only ends of a people baptised according to the countel of God, when they mear together as the congregation or fellowship of Christ, are or ought to be, for to walk futably; or to give up themselves unto a holy conformity to all the Laws or Ordinances of Jelus Chair, answerable to the gifts and graces received, improving them for the glory of God, and the edification of each other in love, Eph. 4.15,16. But speaking the truth in love, may grow up into him in all things, which is the head, even Christ: From whom the whole body fitly joyned together, coc. maketh increase of the body, noto the edifing of it self in love.

53. That Jesus Christ took Bread, and the juice of the Vine, and brake, and gave

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to his Disciples, to eat and drink with thanksgiving; which practise is lest upon record as a memorial of his suffering, to continue in the Church untill he come again; I. Cor. 11.23,24,25,26. The Lord Jesus the same night in which he was betrayed, sock bread; and when he had given thanks, he brake st, and said, take, eat, this is my body which is broken for you; this do in remembrance of me. After the same manner also he took the cup, Ge. For as often as ye eat this bread, and drink this cup, ye do show the Lerds death till he come.

54. That the Church ought to call upon God, feeking him by prayer in the name of Jesus Christ, and to be thankful to him for mercies received, sounding forth his praises with understanding. Eph. 6. 16, 17, 18. Praying alwayes with all prayer and susplication in the Spirit, and watching thereunto with all perseverance, and supplication for

all Saints.

neglect the watching over his own heart, and fo break out into an evill life and conversation, and all good meanes that God bath appointed hath been used towards.

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fuch a one, and that person hath not performed, then ought not fuch a one to break bread with obedient walkers, to shew forth the death of Christ, seeing he doth deny him in life and conversation; In Cor. 5,12. If any man that is called a brother be a formicator, or covetous, or an Idolater, or a railer, or a drunkard, or an extertioner, with

such a one, no, not to eate.

my body which 56. That the people of God ought to have a tender respect towards them, as long as there is any hope of being instrumental in the use of that means which God hath appointed for the recovering them out of the mare of In or wickedness, 2 Thes. 3.14,150 And if any man obey not our word by this Epiftle, note that man, or have no company with him, that he may be a hamed; yet count kim not as an enemy, but admonish kim as a brother.

That there be contributions made for the relief of those that cannot help themfelves with food and rayment, that are willing to the utmost to put forth their strength and skill in some lawful Way or Calling, especially those that are of the houshold of Faith; such as through sickness or weakneis of body cannot labour. Gal. 6.9.10.

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16 Spir Shal As we have therefore opportunity, let us do good unto all men effecially unto them. who are of the houshold of faith.

58. That it is the good pleasure of God, which hath given gifts of his grace to the Saints or Church of God, that iome of the gifted men should be appointed or fet apart to attend upon the preaching of the word, for the further edifying of the Churches, that they may be enabled to fland against all oppositions, according as necessity requires, to the glory of God and their comfort. Eph. 4. 11, 21. And he gave some Apostics, and some Prophets, and some Evangelists, and some Postons, and Teachers; For the perfecting of the Saints, for the work of the ministry, for the edifying of the body of Christindans wine

59. That it is the will of God that these Saints or members of the followship which are appointed to to spend their labours in reaching or exhoring them in the knowledge of God to their edification and confolation, ought to have maintenance of those that receive iprimal food by hem. I Cor. 9. It. If me have foun anio jour spiritual things, civilia a great othing if we shall reape your carnel things? 65 That

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60. That the maintenance of the Miniflers which labour in the Word of God, ought to be the free and Charitable Benevolence, or the chearful contribution of those that acknowledge themselves members of the same fellowship; 2 Cor. 9.13. Whiles by the experiment of this ministration, they glorifie God for yours professed Subjection unto the Gospel of Christ, and for your liberal distribution unto them, and unto all men.

61. That the servants of God, or the Ministers of the Gospel, ought to be content with necessary food and rayment, and to labour with their hands, that they may not be overchargeable, 1 Cor. 4. 12. because they are to teach that dostrine to every member, Heb. 13.5. Let your conversation be without coverousness; and be content with such things as you have, &c.

62. That those servants of God which labour in the word much, and well, ought to be had in very good estimation; I Tim. 5.17. Let the Elders that rule well, be counted worthy of double honour, especially they who labour in the word and doctrine.

63. That the Church of Jesus Christ ought

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ought not to think of any man above what is meet, lest that they give that honour to man, which properly and alone belongeth to God; Pfal. 115.1. Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto thy name give

glory; &c. 2 Cor. 12.6,

64. That the Church hath directions of God to fet apart some men that are sureably qualified, to oversee, or order the affairs concerning the poor distressed members of Christ, that they may not be neglected, and so perish for want of food and rayment, and to take off that work from lying too heavy upon the care of those which labour in the word and doctrine; Alls. 6.3, 4. Wherefore brethrenslook ye out among you seven men of beneft report, fall of the holy Ghost, and Wisdom, whom we may appoint over this business. But we will give our selves continually to prayer, and to the minstry of the word.

65. That if the poor fearing God, cannot conveniently have a competent maintenance, for the supply of their necessities in that society whereunto they must commonly resort, that then those men that have the care laid upon them, send or give in-

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telligence to the other Churches or faints of God, who have ingaged themselves by declaring their willingness towards the relief of such a distressed people, Rom. 15.26. For it hath pleased them of Macedonia, and Achaia, to make a certain contribution for the poor Saints which are at Jerusalem.

66. That those men which the Church of God are to make such uses of as the setting them to minister unto the saints in things spiritual or temporall, it is required that the Church judge those men sound in the faith, that their lives and convertations be unblameable, that those which are without, cannot have any just occasion to speak reproachfully of them, that they be not covetous of filthy lucre, neither felfwilled, but loving and patient towards all men, apt to teach, and to do good works aniwerable to their abilities. Titus 1. 7, 8 9. For a Bishop must be blameless, as the steward of God, not selfwilled, not soon angry, not given to wine, no striker, not given to filthy lucre; but a lover of bospitality, adover of good men, sober, just, boly, temperate oc. Acts 6.3. me of north and roler vision

67. That some men amongst the brother-hood

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hood who are able to judge in causes of difference that may arise betwixt them in the Church, may be approved or appointed to put an end thereto without partiality, that ards the there may be no unnecessary itrivings in the Rom: 15.21 cedonia a Law to vex one another; I Cor. 6. 5, 6,7. I speak to your shame; is it so that there is not a wise man among st you; no, not one, hat tribution) shall be able to judge bermeen his brethren, the Chur eas the lo

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68. That who loever of the Society or Church of God which shall wilfully or is require carelesly neglect any lawful way or calling, and fo fall into hunger and nakedness, which are ought to be exhorted with love and nieckoccasionto ness, to labour with their abilities in some it they be bonest way or calling for their relief which er feltwil being done orderly, and he or they will not ds all meir reform, to that furable exhortations take no ks activer place, such an one shall be excluded or exfaith; I Tim. 5.8. But if any provide nor for his own, and especially for those of his own bouse, he hath denived the faith 8.9. For own house, he hath denyed the faith, and is rate orc.

2 ccording to rule, not delaying or prolonging

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time, but out of a tender care, that their hearts may not be hardned by a custome in fin, that thereby the reclaiming of them from fin may be done with the less difficulty; Mat. 18.15, 16, 17. Moreover, if thy Brother shall trespass against thee, go and tell him his fault between thee and him alone; if he shall hear thee, thou hast gained thy Prother: But if he will not hear thee, then take with

thee one or two more, &c.

70. That if any controversie should so fall out, that the case cannot easily be determined by that lociety or church where it is first presented, that then use be made of some other society which they are in fellow-Thip with, for their affiltance therein; Alls 16. 1, 2. And certain men which came down from Judea, taught the Brethren, and said; Except ye be circumcifed after the manner of Moses, ye cannot be saved. When therefore Paul and Barnabas had no small diffention and disputation with them, they determined that Paul and Barnabas, and certain other of them, should go up to Fernsalem unto the Apostles and Elders, abon: this question.

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those gifts that God of his free grace hath bestowed on the Saints, that one may not hinder another, but as occasion serveth, one by one, speaking the things that they have learned of God, that the hearers may be profited, and so put in a capacity to judge of things concerning the glory of God, and their own peace; I Cor. 14.30, 31. If any thing be revealed to another that litteth by, let the first hold his peace; for ye may all prophesie one by one, that all may learn, &c.

72. That if any one which hath been of the fellowship of Christ, and hath so far subjected himself to temptations, that he deryeth to live righteously, or in the fear and love of God, and makes Thipwrack of Faith and a good Conscience, for which he hath been excommunicated according to Order, that it be recorded, and made known to other the Churches, for prevention of evils in them; I Tim. 1. 19, 20. Holding faith and a good Conscience; which some having put away, concerning faith have made shipwrack, &c. Of whom is Hymneus and Alexander; &c.

73. That Falting and Prayer ought to be uled, and the laying on of hands, for the

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Ordaining of servants or Officers to attend about the service of God; Acts 13.3. through selted by And when they had fasted and prayed, and laid their hands on them, they fent thom

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74. That we ought to behave our felves towards all men, no otherwise then we would freely or cheerfully they in the like case (if it should fall out) should do toward us, and that we ought to leek a peaceable life with all men, as far as possibly we can, keeping faith and a good confeience; Luke 6.31. And as ye would that men should do to you, do ye also to them likewise. Rom. 12. 18. If it be possible, as much as lyeth in you. live peaceably with all men. 1. Tim. 1.19. Holding faith and a good Conscience.

75. That we ought to clear our selves, not only from evil Thoughts harbouring in our hearts, or the evils in life and conversation; but as far as we can, vindicate our felves from all those scandalous aspersions that daylie fall about our ears, fetting our good names on fire, to the dishonour of God, whereof many are the Instruments by their wilful contrivances, or by the mif-informations of others, which father upon us such principles (29)

principles and practifes as we abhor, through ignorant miltakes cunningly fuggested by some evil willers at least; 2 Cor. 2.17. For me are not as many, which corrupt the Word of God: but as of sincerity, but as of God, in the fight of God peak we in Christ. Harne do ove a Magille

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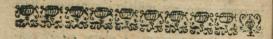
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That we do own a Magistratical power for the governing of this our English Nation, to be determined in a just Parliamentary way; and that we ought to pray for good Governors, and good Government; that we may live a peaceable and godly life in all honesty; standing ready at all times, as necessity may require, to vindicate such a Magistracy or Magistrates not only with arguments of sound reason, but also with our Estates and Lives; that Righteousness may reigne, and Vice may be overthrown, without respect of persons.

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