# Special Note:

The following pagination shown as per original.



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# Key for Catholicks,

To open the Jugling of the Jesuits, and satisfie all that are but truly willing to understand, whether the Cause of the Roman or Reformed Churches be of God; and to leave the Reader utterly unexcusable that after this will be a Papist.

#### The first Part.

Containing some Arguments by which the means est may see the Vanity of Popery; and 40. Detections of their Fraud; with Directions, and Materials sufficient for the Consutation of their Voluminous Deceits: particularly refelling Boverius, Richlieu, H.Ts. Manual, some Manuscripts, &c.

With some Proposals for a (hopeless) Peace.

The Second Part sheweth (especially against the French, and Grotians) that the Catholick Church is not United in any meerly Humane Head, either Pope or Council.

By Richard Baxter a Catholick Christian, and Pastor
of a Church of such at Kederminster.

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# RICHARD

# Lord Protector

Common-wealth of England, Scotland and Ireland, & c.

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Hese Papers presume to tender you their service, because the Subject of them is such, as it most neerly concerneth both us and you that you be well acquainted with. The Raman Canons that batter the Unity, Catholicism and Purity of the

Church of Christ, are mounted on the frame which I have here demolished. The swords, and pens, and

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tongues that you are now engaged against, and which you must expect from henceforth to assault you, are whetted and managed by the senseless, tyrannous, ungodly principles, which I have here Detected. As unreasonable as they appear to the unprejudiced, they are fuch as have animated the studies and diligent endeavours of thousands to captivate the Princes and Nations of the Earth to the Roman yoke. As vain as they appear to us that see them naked, they are such as have divided and distracted the Churches of Christ, and troubled and dethroned Princes, and laid them at the feet of the Roman Pope; They have absolved subjects from their Oaths and other obligations to fidelity: They have involved many a Nation in blood: O the streams of the blood of Saints that have been shed by these Roman Principles, in Savoy, France, Bobemia, Poland, Germany, Ireland, England, and many other Lands! As easie a war as here I manage, it is against those adverse Principles that have armed Thoufands and Millions against the innocent, or against their lawful Soveraigns, whom God had bound them to obey: They have fastned knives in the breasts of the greatest Kings, as the lamentable case of Henry the third and fourth of France doth testifie: They have in a few days time in Paris, and the adjoyning parts of France, perfidiously butchered Nobles and other persons of eminency, and people of all forts, to the number of neer thirty thousand (as Thuanus reckoneth them, if not forty thousand, as Davilah.) The Doctrines which I here confound, have invaded England by a Spanish Armado, (whether by the Popes confent, and upon the account of Religion, I have after shewed out of their own Writers:) they have prepared knives and poyson for our Princes, which God

did frustrate: they have laid Gunpowder to blow up King and Parliament, and hellishly execute the fury of the deluded zealots in a moment, and then to have charged the Puritans with the fact: They have in a time of Peace, by a sudden insurrection, murdered so many thousands in Ireland in a few days or weeks, as posterity will scare believe. They are dreadful Prasticals, and not meer speculations that we dispute against. I befeech you therefore that you receive not this as you would do a Scholastick or Philosophical Disputation about such things as seem not to concern you; but as you would interess your self in a Disputation upon the Question, Whether you should be deposed or murdered as an Heretick? And whether we should be Tormented and burnt as Hereticks: And whether the lives of all the Princes and People upon earth whom the Pope judgeth Hereticks, should be at his mercy? &c. fo do in this cause. I speak not this to provoke you to deal bloodily with them, as they do with the fervants of the Lord! I abhor the thoughts of imitating their cruelty! It is only the Necessary Defence of your Life, and Dignity, and the Lives of all the Protestants that are under your Protection and Government, and the fouls of men, that I defire. On what terms we stand with those men whose Religion teacheth them to kill us if they can, and to venture their lives for it, is easie to understand. When we have no fecurity from them for our lives, but their difability to destroy us, we must disable them or die. I utter not melancholy dreams nor flanders : I have here shewed it in the too plain and copious Decrees of the approved General Council at Lateran, that the depofing of Princes, and absolving their Subjects from their fidelity, and giving their Dominions to others, not only

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for supposed Heresie, but for not exterminating such as deny Transubstantiation, &c. is an Article of their Faith; and no man can disown it, without disowning Popery in the Essentials. If once they will renounce the Decrees of General Councils approved by the Pope, we shall be soon agreed. Siith Costerus Enchirid. cap.1. p. 46. Qua sane Decreta si veritatem, si obsignationem: Spiritus Sancti, si præsentiam christi spectes, idem habent pondus & momentum quod Sancta Dei Evangelia. They believe these Decrees to be as true as the Gospel. I need not therefore tell you that Bozius Hofliensis, and many more of them make the Pope to be: the Lord of all the World: Or that Bellarmine and the stronger side do carry it, as [The common judgement of all Catholick Divines, (see what a rabble he heaps up De Pontif. Rom. li. 5. c. 1.) that the Pope, ratione spiritualis, babet saltem indirecte potestatem quandam, eamq summam in temporal bus. Which cap. 6. he faith, [is just such over Princes as the soul hath over the body or sensitive appetite; and that thus he may change Kingdoms, and take them from one and give to another, as the chief Spiritual Prince, if it be but necessary to the safety of souls. cap. 78. He gives us his proof of this. And whether the Pope do take your Government to be for the good of fouls, I need not tell you. It is the stupendious judgement of God on Christian Princes for their fins, that they have been fo far blinded as to endure such an usurper solong, and have not before this blotted out his name from among the fons of men. [ Non licet, &c. It is not lawful (faith Bellarmine ib. c. 7.) for Christians to Tolerate an Infidel, or Heretical King, if he endeavour to draw his Subjects to his Heresie or unbelief: but to judge whether a King do draw to Heresie or not, belongeth to the Pope, to whom the care

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of Religion is committed: therefore it belongs to the Pope to judge a King to be deposed, or not deposed.] You see here it is not Lawful for such Christians as the Papists to Tolerate you: which may help your judgement in the point of their Toleration. Si Christiani (saith Bellar. ib.) olim non deposuerunt Neronem-Valentem Arianum & similes, id fuit quia deerant vires temporales Christianis. ] You have your Government and we our Lives, because the Papists are not strong enough. They tell you what to trust to. Saith Tollet (one of the best of the Jesuites, li. 1. de Instruct. Sacerd. c. 13.) [They that were bound by the bond of fidelity or Oath, shall be freed from such a bond, if he fall into Excommunication: and during that, Debtors are absolved from the obligation of paying to the Creditor that debt that is contracted by words - These are no private unessectual Opinions. Saith Pope Pius the 5th himself in his Bull against our Queen Elizabeth, [ Volumus & mandamus, We will and command that the Subjects take Arms against that Heretical and Excommunicate Queen ] manage four novo

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But their crueltie to mens fouls, and the Church of Christ, doth yet much more declare their uncharitableness. It is a point of their Religion to believe, that no man can be saved but the Subjects of their Pope, as I have after proved, and is to be seen in many of their writings, (as Knot, and a late Pamphlet called Questions for Resolution of Unlearned Protestants, &c.) and Bishop Morton hath recited the words of Lindanus, Valentia and Vasquez. (Apol. lib. 2. c. 1.) Edesining it to be of Necessity to Salvation to be subject to the Roman Bishop. And would not a man think that for such horrid doctrines, as damn the far greatest part of Christians in the world, they should produce at least some probable Arguments? But what they have to say, I

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have here faithfully detected. If we will dispute with them, or turn to them, the Scripture must be no further Judge then as their Church expoundethic: The Judgement of the Ancient, yea or present Church. they utterly renounce; for the far greatest part is known to be against the Headship of their Pope; and therefore they must stand by for Hereticks. Tradition it felf they dare not stand to except themselves be Judges of it; for the greatest part of Christians profess that Tradition is against the Roman Vice-christ. The internal sense and experience of Christians they gainsay; concluding all befides themselves to be void of charity or faving grace, which many a thousand holy fouls do find within them, that never believed in the Pope. Yea when we are content to lay our lives on it, that we will shew them the deceit of Popery, as certainly and plainly as Bread is known to be Bread when we see it, feel and taste it, and as Wine is known to be Wine when we see and drink it; yet do they refuse even the judgement of lense, of all mens senses, even their own and others. So that we must renounce our honesty, our Knowledge of our selves, our senses, our reason, the common experience and senses of all men. the Judgement and Tradition of the far greatest part of the present Church, or else by the judgement of the Papifts we must all be damned.

Whether such opinions as these should by us be uncontradicted, or by you be suffered to be taught your Subjects, is easie to discern. If they had strength, they would little trouble us with Disputing. Nothing more common in their Writers scarce, then that the Sword or Fire is sitter for Hereticks then Disputes. This is but their after-game. Though their Church must rule Princes, as the soul ruleth the body, yet it must be by

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Secular Power; excommunication doth but give fire: it is Lead and Iron that must do the execution. And when they are themselves disabled, it is their way to strike us by the hands and swords of one another. He that saw England, Scotland and Ireland a while ago in blood; and now sees the lamentable case of so many Protestant Princes and Nations destroying one another, and thinks that Papists have no hand in contriving, counselling, instigating, or executing, is much a

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Observing therefore that of all the Sects that we are troubled with, there is none but the Papist that disputeth with us with flames and Gun-Powder, with Armies and Navies at their backs, having fo many Princes, and so great revenews for their provision, I have judged it my duty to God and his Church, 1. To Detect the vanity of their cause, that their fhame may appear to all that are impartial; and to do my part of that necessary work for which Vell. Pa. terculus so much honoured Cicero (Hift. lib. 2. c. 34.) Ne quorum arma viceramus, eorum ingenio vinceremur And 2. To present with greatest earnestness these following Requests to your Highness on the behalf of the cause and people of the Lord (wherein the Papists also shall see, that it is not their suffering, but only our Necessary Defence that we desire.)

adhere to the cause of Truth and Holiness, and afford the Reformed Churches abroad the utmost of your help for their Concord and Defence, and never be tempted to own an Interest that crosseth the Interest of Christ. How many thousands are studiously contriving the extirpation of the Protestant Churches from the Earth? How many Princes are conse-

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derate against them? The more will be required of you for their aid. The serious endeavours of your Renowned Father for the Protestants of Savoy, discovered to the world by Mr. Merland in his Letters, &c. hath won him more esteem in the hearts of many that fear the Lord, then all his victories in themselves considered. We pray that you may inherit a tender care of the cause of Christ.

We humbly request that you will faithfully adhere to those that fear the Lord in your Dominions. In your eyes let a vile person be contemned; but honour them that fear the Lord, Plal. 15.4. Know not the wicked; but let your eyes be upon the faithfull of the Land, Pfal. 101. 4,6. Compassionate the weak and curable, Punish the uncurable; restrain the froward; but Love and cherish the servants of the Lord. They are under Christ the honour and the strength of the Commonwealth; It was a wife and happy King that profeffed that his Good should extend to the Saints on earth, and the excellent in whom was his delight, Pfal. 16.2, 3. This strengthening the vitals is one of the chief means to keep out Popery and all other dangerous diseases. We fee few understanding Godly people receive the Roman infection, but the prophane, licentious, ignorant or malignant that are prepared for it.

3. We earnestly request your utmost care, that we may be ruled by Godly, Faithfull Magistrates under you: and that your Wisdom and Vigilancy may frustrate the subtilty of Masked Papists or Insidels that would creep into places of Council, Command, or Justice, or any publick office. If ever such as these should have a hand in your affairs, or be our Rulers, we know what we must expect. The Reasons of our jealousies of such men are, because we

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know that the defign is agreeable to their principles and interests: and we know it is their usual course: and we find that such men swarm among us: we hear their words, we read their writings, we fee their practices for Popery and Infidelity. The jealousies of many wife men in England are very great concerning the present designs of this Generation of men; and not without cause. We fear the Masked Papists and Infidels, more then the bare faced, or then any enemy. The men that we are jealous of, and over whom we desire you to be Vigilant, are these Hiders that purposely obscure and cover their Religion. He that wilfully concealeth his Faith, alloweth me to suspect it to be naught: The chief of them are, I. The Seekers that have not yet found a Church, a Ministry, Ordinances, or Scripture, nor some of them a Christ to believe in. 2. The Paracelfians, Behmenists, and other Enthusiasts, that purposely hide themselves in felf-devised, uncouth, cloudy terms, and pretend to visible familiarity with spirits. 3. The Vani, whom God by wonders confounded in New England, but have here prevailed far in the dark. 4. The fecret guides of the Quakers. 5. Those that make it their business to argue against the Religion of all others, but affert little of their own, endeavouring to-bring all men to uncertainties, and loofe them from the faith. 6. Those that are still vilifying or undermining the faithfull Godly Ministry. 7. Those that do secretly or openly plead the cause of Infidels: ( which are alas, too many: whether ex animo, or for promoting Popery, time will disclose: ) that deride the Scriptures, and deny the Immortality of the Soul, the Resurrection of the body, or that there are any Devils, or is any Hell. 8. The Libertines,

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that would have liberty for all that they can call Religion, though against the certain Principles of Christianity; and that tell us the Magistrate hath nothing to do with mens Religion ( of which anon. ) 9. The Democratical Polititians, that are buffe about the change of Government, and would bring all into confusion under pretence of the Peoples Liberty or Power, and would have the Major Part of the Subjects to be the Soveraign of the rest; that is, the worst, that are still the most; and the ignorant, that cannot Rule themselves; and the vicious, that are enemies and hinderers of piety; and the worldlings, that mind nothing but what is under their feet, and have notime to think of Heaven, they have so much to do on earth; and as Augustine faith, had rather there were one Star less in Heaven, then one Cow less in their Pastures: these must be our Soveraigns, 10. Those that under pretence of defending Prelacy, and of uniting us with Rome, do adhere to the course of Grotius and Sansta Clara, and Unchurch all the Reformed Churches, degrade all the Ministers that are not of their way, while they maintain the verity of the Church of Rome, and the validity of her Ordination, and would have the Pope to be the Principium Unitatis to all the Church, and the Western Parts to obey him as their Patriarch, yea and himself to be the Ruler of the whole, so he do it by the Laws of General Councils, and deprive not inferiour Bishops of their Priviledges. These ten forts of men we are Jealous of; and if ever you advance them into places of Command or Power, it will increase our jealousies. God knows, I have no personal grudge to any of them. But the Gospel and the souls of men, and the hopes of our posterity, are not so contemp. tible

tible as to be given away as a bribe to purchase these mens good will, or to stop their mouths lest they should reproach us. As it is the common, but a poor redress, that after the Massacres of thousands, the surviving Protestants have still had from the Papists, viz. to disclaim the sact, or cast it upon some rash discontented men (which will not make dead men alive again.) So will it be a poor relief to us, when these men are our Masters, and have deprived us of all that was dear to us in the world, that we escaped

their ill language while the work was doing.

4. We also humbly beseech you, that you will go on with the purging, and encouraging of the Ministry: Casting out the Ignorant and Ungodly; and countenancing those that are Able, and Faithfull. They deny their ease, and dignity and the riches of the world (which other employments would afford) to encounter with Satan and the worlds corruptions, for the happinels of fouls! And therefore the more oppole them and revile them, and unthankfully requite them, the more are you obliged for the lake of Christ, and mens salvation, to affist them. All their enemies contending to surpass the Devil in impudency, accuse them of Covetousness, Idleness and Ambition, as if these were the things that they seek after in the world. If our practice seconding our profession, be not enough to confute these calumnies of malignant men, let this be added to confute them, that we make it our earnest request to your Highness, that all such Ambitious, Idle, Covetous, or otherwise scandalous Ministers may be cast out. You have Commissioners in every County for this work: Require them to do it faithfully: If we defired this much against our Reproachers, they would say we persecuted them: We desire you there-(b) fore

fore but to turn this persecution against our selves. We also desire you, that you will not advance us to Temporal Honours, or Dignities, or Power; nor make us Lord Bishops, nor to abound with the riches of this world? These things agree not with our caling: We only defire food, and rayment, and necessaries to furnish us for our work, and express some charity to the needy that daily expect it from us; and we crave of you that we may be no richer. We also defire you, never to put the fword inco our hands, nor enable us to execute any of our private passions upon any, nor yet to touch mens Bodies or Estates; but only to manage the word and Keyes of the Kingdom of Christ upon mens Consciences, and Guide his Church according to our office, and let it prevail as God shall bless This is all the advancement we defire. We have doubly renounced all the world, as Christians, and as Ministers of Christ; we have given up our selves to a difficult fiesh-displeasing work: we crave no more of you but so far to countenance us as Christ commandeth you, and the good of our peoples fouls requires. And God will be judge between us and our malitious reproachers, whether these requests are Covetous, Ambitious, or Unreasonable.

and maintaining an Union and Concord among all the Pastors and Churches in your Dominion. All that sear God are Agreed in the main: and they have a special Love to one another; and these are good preparatives to their suller reconcilement. I know that there is no such distance in their principles, but that they may in blessed Concord carry on the work of God: Our poor people need this, that are offended at our smallest distances: All our strength united is too little to bear down

down the oppositions of Hell and Earth that we must daily encounter in our work. Your help may do much to procure our Concord, of which I shall presume to

fay more to you in another address.

6. Lastly we befeech you that Toleration may be limited by Execution as well as by Law; And therefore that as the Approved Ministers must have an Instrument of Approbation, and must be responsible before the Commissioners of ejection, for any thing that forfeiteth it; fo the Tolerated may be tryed according to your Laws of Toleration, and may have an Instrument for their Toleration, before they have Liberty publikely to propagate their Opinions to others: and that they may be as responsible before the Commissioners for ejection as we. And that publikely nor privately Papists, nor Infidels, nor any that deny the effentials of the faith may not be suffered to seduce the people. If any think that this is defired by us, because we fear the power of truth, or would deprive them of any just freedom of debate, I provoke them folidly to answer what is here faid in the following Dispute; and we disswade not your Highness if you were in any doubt ( which we do not imagine) of the truth of the Christian or Reformed Doctrine, to invite us to an equal Disputation, and try whether we shall not open the shame of Infidelity and Popery (the two great evils that threaten this land) at any time. But if you are resolved of the wickedness of both these wayes, we have reason to expect that you fuffer not the poyson to be administred to your people. Give not leave to every seducer to do his worst to damn mens fouls; When you will not tolerate every Traytor to draw your Armies or people into Rebellion; nor to every wicked man to solicite others to whore. dom, murder, theft or deceit. And verily if men have leave (b2)

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leave to preach against the Scripture, Churches, Miniftry, Ordinances, yea and against the life to come under the name of Seekers, Quakers or such other Sects, we had far rather that they had leave to pull off their vizor, and do it openly in the name of Papists. For as Papifts they will disown abundance of the abominations, which as Seekers, &c. they propagate on defign: And as plain dealing in Religion is better then jugling, fo we had rather that open quiet Papists were tolerated, then these jugling deceivers. They that pretend to know the Jesuites and Fryars, do profess that they are more common in Princes Councils and Families, and in the houses, if not the closets of Noble men, Commanders, and persons of publick trust or service, then we that live and mean fimply do imagine. And who would have thought that had not known it, that they had so infinuated into the several sects among us, and that they were so industrious in their work, as the New. castle Scottish Jew was, to be circumcised or become Jew, and then rebaptized, &c. and all to deceive

Judge I beseech you by these three Reasons, how far their seduction is to be tolerated. 1. That they preach, Treason against Princes and States, I have shewed undenyably, is part, and a principal part of their Reli-

gion.

2. Their doctrine corrupteth almost all Morality: What need we fuller clearer proof, then the fansenian hath given us in his Mysterie of fesuitism? and much more may be added. Morton hath long ago produced enough to tell us what to expect from such men: Apolog. Part. 1.1.2.c.13 As from Tollet himself!.4.de instruct sacerd. c.9. [Quantum ad intentionem dilectionis, non tenemur sub pracepto Deum plus omnibus diligere] Stapleton 1. 6.

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de justif. c. 10. & Valent. l. de Votis c. 3. [Hoc praceptum diligendi Deum ex tota mente, doctrinale est, non obligatorium] See here, a precept, and the greatest precept, even to Love God above all, is not obligatory: A strange precept! And p. 322. he reciteth the words of Tollet, ibid. l. 4. c. 21. & 22. teaching Equivocation upon oath before a Magistrate, and so maintaining perjury. And p. 327. he citeth the same Author maintaining that Murder, and Blasphemy in a passion and not deliberate, is no mortal sin, unless in one that is used to Blaspheme. And p. 329. how Bellarm. Costerm, Valentia maintain that Fornication in a Priest is better, or a smaller sin then to marry. The like he shews of their doctrine of Thest, False witness, &c. p. 332, 333, &c. This from him.

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3. But above all their other mischiefs, the Propagating of Infidelity by them is the greatest: Which they do in two wayes. I. Under the Vizard of Infidels and Seekers they plead against Scripture and Christianity, in defign to loosen men from all Religion, and perswade them that they must needs be Infidels or Papists: Veron and his followers have given them full Directions to manage this defign. And while with debauched Consciences) they thus perswade men to be Infidels in jest, they have made abundance such in good sadness so that upon my knowledge there are many such swarm among us, that sometime seemed pious persons, that plead against Christ anity it self. 2. And no wonder, when some of the leading Papists do seem to be Christians in jest, and Infidels in good fadness themselves. I shall instance now but in their Champion, Tho. White, who in his Euclid. Metaphys. Stoech. K. pr. 16. maintaineth that in a manner, or almost all incorporated souls shall be saved by the world as the Instrument, or else the world were

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